











## A BRIEF NARRATIVE

OF THE

Progress of the Gospel amongst the Indians in New-England, in the Year 16 7 0. the axo. Be axo. Be axo atto axo atto axo atto axo atto axo atto axo. Be axo. Be axo. Be axo.

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## Given in

By the Reverend Mr. JOHN ELLIOT, Minister of the Gospel there,

In a LETTER by him directed to the Right Worfhipfull the COM-MISSIONERS under his Majefties Great-Seal for Propagation of the Gofpel amongit the poor blind Natives in those United Colonies.

## LONDON,

Printed for John Allen, formerly living in Little Britain at the Rifing-Sun, and now in Wentworth street near Bell-Lane, 1671.

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totate to the totate to the totate to the totate to the totate JOHN CARTER BROWN

To the Right Worshipful the Commissioners under bis Majesties Great-Seal, for Propagation of the Gospel amongst the poor blind Indians in New-England.

## Right Worshipfal and Christian Gentlemen,

Hat brief Tract of the present state of the Indian-Work in my hand, which I did the laft year on the sudden present you with when you call'd for fuch a thing ; That falling fhort of its end, and you calling for a renewal thereof, with opportunity of more time, I shall begin with our last great motion in that Work done this Summer, because that will lead me to begin with the ftate of the Indians under the hands of my Brethren Mr. Mahew and Mr. Bourn.

Upon the 17th day of the 6th month 1670, there was a Meeting at Mak'epog near Sandwich in Plimou: b-Pattent, to gather a Church among the Indians : There were present fix of the Magistrates, and many Elders, (all of them Meffengers of the Churches within that Jurifdistion) in whole presence, in a day of Fasting and Prayer, they making confestion of the Truth and Grace of Jefus Chrift, did in that folema Affembly enter into Covenant, to walk together in the Faith and Order of the Gospel; and were accepted and declared to be a Church of Jesus Christ. These Indians being of kin to our Massachuset-Indians who first prayed unto God, conversed with them, and received amongst them the light and love of the Truth; they defired me to write to Mr. Leveredge to teach them : He accepted the Motion, and performed the Work with good fuccess ; but afterwards he left that place, and went to Long-Island, and there a godly Brother, named Richard Bourne ( who purposed to remove with Mr. Leveredge, but hindred by Divine Providence) undertook the teaching of those Indians, and hath continued in the work with good fuccels to this day; him we ordained Paftor; and one of the Ind. ans, named Jude, should have been ordained Ruling-Elder, but being fick at that time, advice was given that he should be ordained with the first opportunity, as alfo a Deacon to manage the prefent Sabbath day Collections, and other A 2

parts of that Office in their season. The same day also were they, and such of their Children as were present, baptized.

From them we paffed over to the Vinyard, where many were added to the Church both men and women, and were baptized all of them, and their Children also with them ; we had the Sacrament of the Lords Supper celebrated in the Indian-Church, and many of the English-Church gladly joyned with them; for which caufe it was celebrated in both languages. On a day of Fafting and Prayer, Elders were ordained, two Teaching-Elders, the one to be a Preacher of the Gospel, to do the Office of a Pastor and Teacher; the other to be a Preacher of the Gospel, to do the Office of a Teacher and Pastor, as the Lord should give them ability and opportunity; Also two Ruling-Elders, with advice to ordain Deacons also, for the Service of Christ in the Church. Things were fo ordered by the Lord's guidance, that a Foundation is laid for two Churches more; for first, these of the Vinyard dwelling at too great a distance to enjoy with comfort their Sabbath-communion in one place, Advice was given them, that after fome experience of walking together in the Order and Ordinances of the Gospel, they should issue forth into another Church ; and the Officers are so chosen, that when they shall so do, both Places are furnished with a Teaching and Ruling-Elder.

Allo the Teacher of the Praying Indians of Nantuket, with a Brother of his were received here, who made good Confellions of Jelus Chrift; and being asked, did make report unto us that there be about ninety Families who pray unto God in that Ifland, fo effectual is the Light of the Gofpel among them. Advice was given, that fome of the chief Godly People fhould joyn to this Church, (for they frequently converfe together, though the Iflands be feven leagues afunder) and after fome experience of walking in the Order of the Gofpel, they fhould iffue forth into Church-eftate among themfelves, and have Officers ordained amongft them.

The Church of the *Vinyard* were defirous to have chosen Mr. Mahew to be their Pastor : but he declined it, conceiving that in his prefent capacity he lieth under greater advantages to stand their Friend, and do them good, to fave them from the hands of such as would bereave them of their Lauds, &c. but they shall alwayes have his counsel, instruction and management in all their Church-affairs, as hitherto they have had; he will die in this service of Jelos Christ. The Praying-Indians of both these Islands depend on him, as God's Instrument for their good.

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Advice also was given for the setting of Schools; every Child capable of learning, equally paying, whether he make use of it or no: Yet if any should sinfully neglect Schooling their Youth, it is a transgression liable to censure under both Orders, Civil and Ecclessiafical, the offence being against both. So we walk at Natick.

In as much as now we have ordained Indian Officers unto the Ministry of the Gospel, it is needful to add a word or two of Apology: I find it hopelels to expect English Officers in our Indian Churches; the work is full of hard thip, hard labour, and chargeable alfo, and the Indians not yet capable to give confiderable support and maintenance; and Men have bodies, and must live of the Gospel : And what comes from England is liable to hazard and uncertainties. On fuch grounds as these partly, but especially from the secret wile governance of Jesus Christ, the Lord of the Harvest, there is no appearance of hope for their fouls feeding in that way : they must be trained up to be able to live of themselves in the ways of the Gospel of Christ ; and through the riches of God's Grace and Love, fundry of themfelves who are expert in the Scriptures, are able to teach each other : An English young man raw in that language, coming to teach among our Christian-Indians, would be much to their loss; there be of themselves such as be more able, especially being advantaged that he speaketh his own language, and knoweth their manners. Such English as shall hereafter teach them, must begin with a People that begin to pray unto God, (and fuch opportunities we have many) and then as they grow in knowledge, he will grow (if he be diligent) in ability of speech to communicate the knowledge of Chrift unto them. And feeing they must have Teachers amongst themselves, they must also be taught to be Teachers : for which caule I have begun to teach them the Art of Teaching, and I find some of them very capable. And while I live, my purpole is ( by the Grace of Chrift affisting ) to make it one of my chief cares and labours to teach them fome of the Liberal Arts and Sciences, and the way how to analize, and lay out into particulars both the Works and Word of God ; and how to communicate knowledge to others methodically and skilfully, and especially the method of Divinity. There be fundry Minifters who live in an opportunity of beginning with a People, and for time to come I shall cease my importuning of others, and onely fall to perfwade fuch unto this fervice of Jesus Christ, it being one part of our Ministerial Charge to preach to the World in the Name of Jefus, and from amongst them to gather Subjects to his holy Kingdom. The Bible, and the Catechifm drawn OUT) B

out of the Bible, are general helps to all parts and places about us, and are the ground-work of Community amongst all our Indian-Charches and Chrissians.

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I find a Bleffing, when our Church of Natick doth fend forth fit Perfons unto fome remoter places; to teach them the fear of the Lord. But we want maintenance for that Service; it is a chargeable matter to fend a Man from his Family: The Labourer is worthy of his Hire: And when they go only to the High-wayes and Hedges, it is not to be expected that they fhould reward them: If they believe and obey their Meffage, it is enough. We are determined to fend forth fome (if the Lord will, and that we live) this Autumn, fundry ways. I fee the beft way is, up and be doing: In all labour there is profit; Stek and ye fhall find. We have Chrift's Example, his Promife, his Prefence, his Spirit to affilt; and I truft that the Lord will find a way for your encouragement.

Natick is our chief Town, where most and chief of our Rulers, and most of the Church dwells ; here most of our chief Courts are kept ; and the Sacraments in the Church are for the most part here administred : It is ( by Divine Providence) seated well near in the center of all our praying Indians, though Westward the Cords of Christ's Tents are more enlarged. Here we began Civil Government in the year 1650. And here usually are kept the General-Trainings, which feven years ago looked to big that we never had one fince till this year, and it was at this time but a finall appearance. Here we have two Teachers, John Speen and Anthony ; we have betwixt forty and fifty Communicants at the Lord's Table, when they all appears but now fome are dead, and fome decriped with age; and one under Censure, yet making towards a recovery ; one died here the last Winter of the Stone, a temperate, sober, godly man, the first Indian that ever was known to have that difeafe; but now another hath the fame disease : Sundry more are proposed, and in way of preparation to joyn unto the Charch.

Ponkipog, or Pakennit is our fecond Town, where the Sachems of the Bloud (as they term their Chief Royal-Line) had their Refidence and Rights, which are mofily Alienated to the English Towns: The last Chief Man, of that Line, was last year flain by the Manquage, against whow he rashly (without due Attendants and Affistance, and against Counsel) went; yet all, yea, his Enemies fay, He died valiantly; they were more afraid to kill him, than he was to die; yet being de-

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ferted by all ( fome knowingly fay through Treafon ) he flood long. and at last fell alone : Had he had but 10 Men, yea 5 in good order. with him, he would have driven all his Enemies before him. His Brother was refident with us in this Town, but he is fallen into fin, and from praying to God. Our Chief Ruler is Ahamon, an old ftedfaft and crufty Friend to the English, and loveth his Country. He is more loved than feared ; the reins of his bridle are too long. Wakan is fometimes neceffarily called to keep Courts here, to add life and zeal in the punishment of Senners. Their late Teacher, William, is deceased ; He was a man of eminent parts, all the English acknowledge him, and he was known to many: He was of a ready wit, found judgment. and affable; he is gone unto the Lord; And William, the Son of Ahanton, is called to be Teacher in his flead. He is a promifing youngman, of a fingle and upright heart, a good judgment, he Prayeth and Preacheth well, he is studious and industrious, and well accounted of among the English, the unaker black spice of bey so and

Haffunnimesut is the next Town in order, dignity, and antiquity ; fundry of our chief Friends in the great work of Praying to God, came from them, and there lived their Progenitors, and there lieth their Inheritance, and that is the place of their defires. It lieth upon Nichmuke River; the people were well known to the English fo long as Connedicot Road lay that way, and their Religion was judged to be real by all that travelled that journey, and had occasion to lodge, especially to keep a Sabbath among them. The Ruler of the Town is Annweekin, and his Brother Tuppukkoowillin is Teacher, both found and godly Men. This Ruler, last Winter, was overtaken with a Passion, which was to observable, that I had occasion to speak with him about it; he was very penitent; I told him, That as to man, I, and all men were ready to forgive him. Ab ! faid he, I find it the greatest difficulty to forgive my For the encouragement of this place, and for the cherishing of a felf. new Plantation of Praying Indians beyond them, they called Monatankanet to be a Teacher allo in that Town, and both of them to take care of the new Praying-Town beyond them. And for the like encouragement, Caprain Gookins joyned Petabheo with Anumeekin. The aged Father of this Ruler and Teacher, was last year Baptized, who hath many Children that fear God. In this place we meditate ere long. (if the Lord will, and that we live) to gather a Church, that fo the Sabbath-Communion of our Christian Indians may be the more agree.

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able to the Divine Institution, which we make too bold with while we live at fuch distance.

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Ogguonikongguamefut is the next Town ; where, how we have been afflicted, I may not fay. The English Town called Marlborough doth border upon them, as did the lines of the Tribes of Judah and Benjamin ; the English Meeting-house standeth within the line of the Indian Town, although the contiguity and co-habitation is not barren in producing matters of interfering; yet our godly Indians do obtain a good report of the godly English, which is an argument that bringeth light and evidence to my heart, that our Indians are really godly. I was very lately among them ; they defired me to fettle a flated Lecture amongst them, as it is in fundry other Praying Towns, which I did with fo much the more gladness and hope of bleffing in it, because through-Grace the Motion did first spring from themselves. Solomon is their Teacher, whom we judge to be a ferious and found Christian; their Ruler is Owannamug, whole grave, faithful, and difcreet Conversation hath procured him real respect from the English. One that was a Teacher in this place, is the man that is now under Censure in the Church ; his fin was that adventitious fin which we have brought unto them. Drunkennels, which was never known to them before they knew us English. But I account it our duty, and it is much in my defire, as well to teach them Wildom to Rule fuch heady Creatures, as skill to get them, to be able to bridle their own appetites, when they have means and opportunity of high-spirited enticements. The Wildom and Power of Grace is not fo much feen in the beggarly want of these things, as in the bridling of our felves in the use of them. It is true Dominion, to be able to use them, and not to abuse our selves by them.

Nashope is our next Praying Town, a place of much Affliction; it was the chief place of Refidence, where Tabattawans lived, a Sacham of the Blood, a faithful and zealous Christian, a strict yet gentle Ruler; he was a Ruler of 50 in our Civil Order; and when God took him, a chief man in our Israel was taken away from us. His only Son was a while vain, but proved good, expert in the Scripture, was Elected to Rule in his Fathers place, but soon died, infomuch that this place is now destitute of a Ruler. The Teacher of the place is fobn Thomas, a godly understanding Christian, well esteemed of by the English: his Father was killed by the Manquaogs, shot to death as he was in the the River doing his Eele-wyers. This place lying in the Road-way which the *Manquaogs* haunted, was much molefted by them, and was one year wholly deferted; but this year the People have taken courage and dwell upon it again.

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In this place after the great Earthquake, there was fome eruption out of the Earth, which left a great *Hiatus* or Cleft a great way together, and out of fome Cavities under great Rocks, by a great Pond in that place, there was a great while after often heard an humming noife, as if there were frequent eruptions out of the Ground at that place : yet for Healthfulnels the place is much as other places be. For Religion, there be amongft them fome Godly Chriftians, who are received into the Church, and baptized, and others looking that way.

Wamefut is our next Praying-Town; it lyeth at the bottom of the great Falls, on the great River Merymak, and at the falling-in of Concord River; the Sachem of this Place is named Nomphon, faid to be a Prince of the Bloud, a Man of a real Noble Spirit: A Brother of his was flain by the Manquaogs as he was upon a Rock fifthing in the great River. In revenge whereof he went in the forementioned raffr Expedition, but had fuch about him, and was fo circumfpect, that he came well off, though he loft one principal Man. This place is very much annoyed by the Manquaogs, and have much ado to fland their ground. In this Place Captain Gookins ordered a Garrifon to be kept the laft year, which Order while they attended they were fafe; but when the Northern Sachems and Souldiers came, who firred up ours to go with them on their unfuccelsful Expedition, the Town was for the most part fcatter'd, and their Corn spoyled.

The Teacher of this Place is named George: they have not much effeem for Religion, but I am hopefully perfwaded of fundry of them; I can go unto them but once in a year.

**Panatuket** is the upper part of Merimak-Falls; so called, because of the noise which the Waters make. Thither the Penagmog-Indians are come, and have built a great Fort: Their Sachems retuled to pray to God, so fignally and finfully, that Captain Go kins and my felf were very fensible of it, and were not without some expectation of some interposure of a Divine-Hand, which did eminently come to pals; for in the forenamed Expedition they joyned with the Northern Sachems, C and were all of them cut off; even all that had io fignally refused to pray unto God were now as fignally rejected by God, and cut off. I hear not that it was ever known, that io many Sachems and Men of Note were killed in one imprudent Expedition, and that by a few fcattered people; for the Manquaogs were not imbodied to receive them, nor prepared, and few at home, which did much greaten the Overthrow of so many great Men, and shews a divine over-ruling hand of God. But now, fince the Penaguog-Sachems are cut off, the People (fundry of them) dwelling at Panatuket-Fort do how the Ear to hear, and submit to pray unto God; to whom Jethre, after he had confest Christ and was baptized, was sent to preach Christ to them.

Magunkukguok is another of our Praying-Towns at the remoteff Wetterly borders of Natick ; these are gathering together of some Nipmuk Indians who left their own places, and fit together in this place, and have given up themselves to pray unto God. They have called Pomham to be their Ruler, and Simon to be their Teacher. This latter is accounted a good and lively Christian; he is the second man among the Indians that doth experience that afflicting disease of the Stone. The Ruler hath made his Preparatory Confession of Christ, and is approved of, and at the next opportunity is to be received and baptized.

I obtained of the General-Court 2 Grant of a Tract of Land, for the lettlement and encouragement of this People; which though as yet it be by some obstructed, yet I hope we shall find some way to accomplish the same.

Quanatuffet is the last of our Praying-Towns, whole beginnings have received too much difcouragement; but yet the Seed is alive: they are frequently with me; the work is at the birth, there doth only want ftrength to bring forth. The care of this People is committed joyntly to Monatunkanit, and Tuppunkkoowillin the Teachers of Haffunemelut, as is abovefaid; and I hope if the Lord continue my life, I shall have a good account to give of that People.

Thus I have briefly touched fome of the chiefeft of our prefent Affairs, and commit them to your Prudence, to do with

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with them what you please; committing your Selves, and all your weighty Affairs unto the Guidance and Bleffing of the Lord, I reft,

Roxb. this 20th of the 7th month, I 6 7 0, Your Worfhips to ferve you in the Service of our Lord Jesus,

John Elliot.

Books fold by John Allen.

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fotton on the Covenant, new printed.

Confession of Faith of the Congregational Churches.

Mr. Hook and Mr. Davenports Catechifm.

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